

RESOLUTION OF THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE THREE AFFILIATED TRIBES OF THE FORT BERTHOLD INDIAN RESERVATION

A Resolution Entitled, "Authorizing a Memorandum of Understanding with the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Customs and Border Protection Regarding an Enhanced Tribal Card Program"

- WHEREAS, The Mandan Hidatsa and Arikara Nation (MHA Nation), also known as the Three Affiliated Tribes, having accepted the Indian Reorganization Act of June 18, 1934, the authority under said Act, and having adopted a Constitution and By-laws (the Constitution) under said Act, and
- WHEREAS, Pursuant to Article III, Section 1 of the Constitution, the Tribal Business Council is the governing body of the MHA Nation; and
- WHEREAS, The Constitution authorizes and empowers the Tribal Business Council to engage in activities on behalf of and in the interest of the welfare and benefit of the MHA Nation and of the enrolled members thereof; and
- WHEREAS, Pursuant to Article VI, Section 5(1) of the Constitution, the Tribal Business Council has the power to adopt Resolutions regulating the procedures of the Tribal Business Council, its agencies and officials; and
- WHEREAS, Article VI, Section 5(c) of the Constitution specifically authorizes and empowers the Tribal Business Council to administer funds within the exclusive control of the Nation and to make expenditures from available Tribal funds for public purposes for the Nation; and
- WHEREAS, The Tribal Business Council desires to establish a tribal member identification process using an enhanced tribal identification card for its members that will comply with requirements of the Western Hemisphere Travel Initiative (WHTI); and
- WHEREAS, The United States Department of Homeland Security, through its component U.S. Customs and Border Protection, supports the MHA Nation in these efforts and has requested a Memorandum of Agreement with the MHA Nation to facilitate the development of a WHTI-compliant enhanced tribal identification card that will be issued by the MHA Nation to qualifying Tribal members on a voluntary basis.
- NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Tribal Business Council hereby approves the Memorandum of Agreement attached hereto and authorizes the Tribal Chairman to execute the Memorandum of Agreement on behalf of the MHA Nation.



BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, The Tribal Chairman is authorized to take such action as is necessary to carry out the terms and intent of this Resolution.

CERTIFICATION

I, the undersigned, as Secretary of the Tribal Business Council of the Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Indian Reservation hereby certify that the Tribal Business Council is composed of seven (7) members of whom five (5) constitute a quorum, 6 were present at a Regular _ Meeting thereof duly called, noticed, convened and held on the 9th day of January, 2020, that the foregoing Resolution was duly adopted at such meeting by the affirmative vote of 5 members, 0 members opposed, 0 members abstained, 2 members not voting, and that said Resolution has not been rescinded or amended in any way.

Chairman [] Voting. [X] Not Voting.

Dated this 9th day of January, 2020.

ATTEST:

Tribal Secretary, Fred W. Fox

Tribal Business Council
Three Affiliated Tribes

Chairman, Mark N. Fox

Tribal Business Council

Three Affiliated Tribes

Memorandum of Agreement Between the Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation in North Dakota and the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Customs and Border Protection Regarding an Enhanced Tribal Card Program

The U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS), through its component U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), and Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation in North Dakota (hereinafter "Tribe"), collectively, "the Parties,"

RECOGNIZING THAT

- 1. The Western Hemisphere Travel Initiative (WHTI) implements a congressional mandate that all U.S. citizens and other travelers seeking to enter the United States from foreign locations within the Western Hemisphere present a passport or other appropriately designated document that establishes the bearer's identity and citizenship.
- 2. The goal of WHTI is to strengthen border security and facilitate entry into the United States for U.S. citizens and legitimate international travelers.
- 3. The United States has a special relationship with federally recognized Indian tribes, and federal agencies have a responsibility under Executive Order 13175 to consult and coordinate with tribes on a government-to-government basis when formulating or implementing policies that have tribal implications.
- 4. Document requirements under WHTI may have an impact on members of federally recognized tribes who cross the U.S. land borders.
- 5. The Parties have a shared commitment to support the Tribe's project to develop a WHTI-compliant enhanced tribal card (ETC) that will be issued by the Tribe to qualifying Tribal members on a voluntary basis.
- 6. A successful project will serve the mutual interests of DHS and the Tribe by expediting and facilitating cross-border trade and travel, and by providing an additional secure travel document option to eligible members of the Tribe.

HEREBY AGREE AS FOLLOWS:

1. Authorities.

1.1. CBP. CBP is authorized to enter into this MOA on behalf of DHS pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1185; 8 C.F.R. § 235.1; and DHS Delegations 7010.3 and 7105; and in conformance with the DHS Policy for Internal Information Exchange and Sharing, DHS shall not be considered a third-party agency for purposes of this MOA.

1.2. Tribe. The Tribal Business Council of the Three Affiliated Tribes is authorized to enter into this MOA pursuant to Article 3 Section 1 and Article VI Section 5(1) of the Constitution and By-Laws of the Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation in North Dakota as amended.

2. ETC Program Requirements.

- 2.1. ETC Format. The Tribe must incorporate into its ETC all of the elements listed in A through C below in a manner acceptable to CBP. CBP will test the ETC prior to approving its production for compliance with this Section and any related agreements, and to ensure that the ETC meets CBP's security standards and interoperability requirements.
 - A. Document Security Features. The ETC will include document security features designed to deter forgery and counterfeiting and promote confidence in the card format. The ETC must utilize multiple layers of security features including, at a minimum, two of the following: micro-printing, optically variable inks, ultraviolet sensitive inks, deliberate errors, an opacity marker to create secure cards, unique fonts, and overlapping data elements. The ETC must also contain a control number unique to each ETC card. The Tribe will provide CBP with all technical information necessary to detect the document security features included in the ETC.
 - B. Facilitative Technology. The ETC will utilize facilitative technology that enables CBP to validate the ETC bearer's identity, tribal membership, and U.S. citizenship electronically and in real time. The facilitative technology incorporated into the ETC will include a machine readable zone (MRZ) utilizing optical character recognition (OCR) technology, and a vicinity radio frequency identification (RFID) chip. The Tribe and CBP will jointly develop and memorialize in a Service-Level Agreement (SLA) the technical specifications for the facilitative technology, including specifications for the electronic validation process.
 - C. Printed Information. The face of the ETC will contain: the bearer's full legal name (subject to truncation per the ICAO-9303 standard), date of birth, gender, full facial photograph, tribal membership, and citizenship; the ETC issuance date or ETC expiration date; and the word "enhanced" in the card title (e.g., "[Tribe] Enhanced Tribal Card").
- 2.2. ETC Holder Information. The Tribe will provide CBP with access to information concerning each Tribe ETC holder (ETC Holder Information) for the purpose of implementing this Agreement. This access will be provided in accordance with both the SLA and an Interconnection

Security Agreement (ISA) to be developed jointly by CBP and the Tribe. In accordance with the SLA and ISA, the Tribe will ensure that ETC Holder Information provided to CBP is current and accurate, and that changes to ETC Holder Information, including changes to the status of an individual ETC, are communicated promptly to CBP.

- 2.3. ETC Eligibility Criteria. The Tribe may issue an ETC only to an individual who establishes identity, membership in the Tribe, and U.S. citizenship in conformance with this MOA and tribal membership standards. The Tribe will not issue an ETC in the event that the ETC program staff cannot verify an applicant's identity, membership in the Tribe, or U.S. citizenship for any reason, including the inability to verify the authenticity of a document submitted in support of an ETC application.
 - A. Identity. Prior to issuing an ETC, the Tribe's ETC program staff must verify the applicant's identity through, at a minimum, the presentation, verification, and visual comparison against the applicant of two or more of the documents listed in Appendix A to this MOA, at least one of which must include the applicant's photograph and at least one of which must include the applicant's date of birth.
 - B. Tribal Membership. Prior to issuing an ETC, the Tribe's ETC program staff must confirm that the applicant is a member of the Tribe. The criteria used by the Tribe to determine membership are set forth in Appendix B to this MOA.
 - i. The Tribe must be able to provide CBP, upon request, with written validation that the applicant meets the Tribe's enrollment criteria.
 - ii. In accordance with Section 2.10 of this MOA, the Tribe must provide prior written notice to CBP of a material change to tribal membership criteria that would affect ETC program enrollment.
 - C. Citizenship. Prior to issuing an ETC, the Tribe's ETC program staff must verify that the applicant is a U.S. citizen through the presentation of one or more of the documents listed in Appendix C to this MOA.
- 2.4. ETC Application and Issuance Process. The Tribe will implement a uniform ETC application process that is consistent with this MOA.
 - A. Program Staff. ETC applications may be processed and ETCs may be issued only by members of the Tribe's ETC program staff who meet the eligibility requirements of Section 2.7 and the training requirements of Section 2.8 of this MOA.
 - B. Supporting Documentation Verification. Prior to issuing an ETC, the Tribe's ETC program staff must authenticate supporting source

documents that are presented by the applicant to establish his or her eligibility for an ETC. The ETC program staff will authenticate supporting documents by searching for key security features and, when available, by verifying documents electronically with issuing authorities.

- C. Applicant Interview. Prior to issuing an ETC, the Tribe's ETC program staff must conduct an in-person investigative interview with the applicant. The interview is designed to further establish a link between the applicant and his or her supporting source documents, and is an integral part of verifying an applicant's identity, tribal membership, and U.S. citizenship. The Tribe will develop a standard interview template and will provide investigative interview training to the members of its staff who conduct interviews. This investigative interview training will include instruction on how to look for behaviors that may suggest an impostor or intent to commit fraud.
- D. Facial Image Capture. The Tribe will subject each person applying for an ETC to a mandatory facial image capture and will maintain the image in the applicant's ETC file even if no ETC is issued.
- E. False Statements. Each applicant will sign a declaration that states the information presented in the ETC application is true and correct to the best of the applicant's knowledge and advises the applicant of the legal penalties associated with knowingly and willfully providing false information in connection with the application. The Tribe will refer potential fraud cases to law enforcement for potential criminal prosecution.
- F. Personally Identifiable Information. The Tribe will advise each applicant of CBP's policies regarding the use of personally identifying information collected and transmitted to CBP for purposes of the ETC program, as reflected in the system of records notice for the Non-Federal Entity Data Systems. The applicant will acknowledge in writing that he or she has been advised of these policies.
- G. Application Denials. The Tribe must deny the ETC application of an applicant whom the Tribe's ETC program staff determines is ineligible. When an application is denied, the ETC program staff may suggest to the applicant that he or she apply for a U.S. passport, an Enhanced Driver's License (where available), and any other appropriate WHTI-compliant document.
- H. Application Retention. The Tribe will retain an electronic or hard copy of each ETC application, including all source documentation presented in support of an application. Copies of supporting source documents will be shared with CBP at CBP's request, if CBP

- determines they are necessary for law enforcement or auditing purposes.
- Quality Assurance. The Tribe will establish a quality assurance program consisting of an audit of a sample of ETC applications to ensure compliance with the terms of this MOA and all related agreements.
- 2.5. ETC Validity Period and Cancellation Procedures.
 - A. Validity Period. The validity period for an ETC cannot exceed eight years from the date of issuance.
 - B. Cancellation Procedures. The Tribe will create procedures for invalidating and canceling previously issued ETCs in appropriate circumstances, to be documented in the Security Plan in compliance with Section 2.9. If the Tribe determines that an ETC is lost or stolen, any new ETC issued to the holder of that ETC will contain a new control number that invalidates the number associated with the lost or stolen document. When the Tribe cancels or invalidates an ETC, the Tribe must immediately update its ETC information systems and share relevant information with CBP as specified in the ISA and SLA.
- 2.6. ETC Production Requirements. The Tribe will produce all ETCs through a central production process.
 - A. Production Facility Security. The Tribe will ensure physical security standards are in place to prevent unauthorized access to areas where the Tribe's ETC will be produced or issued.
 - B. ETC Production Materials. The Tribe will maintain full accountability for all materials used in ETC production. The Tribe will develop a security plan in accordance with Section 2.9 of this MOA to ensure the security and proper usage and destruction of the materials used in ETC production. All blank document materials will be held in a separate secure repository with controlled access.
 - C. ETC Delivery. Once produced, an ETC may be provided directly to the U.S. Postal Service by the central production facility for delivery to the applicant, or it may be delivered to the Tribe's issuing authority for provision to the ETC applicant. In the event that an ETC applicant cannot receive delivery of the ETC through the U.S. Postal Service, the ETC applicant will be allowed to retrieve the ETC directly from the Tribe's issuing authority. Undelivered ETCs that are returned to the Tribe will be considered invalid and destroyed.
- 2.7. ETC Program Staff Eligibility. The Tribe must ensure that all individuals involved in the eligibility decisions for, issuance of, or production of the

Tribe's ETC, or who have the ability to affect the information that appears on the ETC, or who have access to ETC production or storage facilities (hereinafter referred to in this section as "individuals involved in the ETC program"), have undergone background checks acceptable to CBP in conformance with this section.

- A. Background Checks. The Tribe will ensure that background checks for reliability, criminal history, and security risks are conducted for each individual involved in the ETC program prior to the start of the individual's involvement and at least every five years thereafter. These background checks will include a name- and fingerprint-based criminal history check, using at a minimum the FBI's National Crime Information Center and the Integrated Automated Fingerprint Identification System database.
- B. Disqualifying Criminal Offenses. If the Tribe's background check for an individual involved in the ETC program reveals a disqualifying criminal offense, that individual cannot be utilized in the Tribe's ETC program. For purposes of this MOA, a disqualifying criminal offense means:
 - A conviction, or verdict of not guilty by reason of insanity, in a federal, state, or tribal jurisdiction of any of the felonies set forth in 49 CFR § 1572.103(a), regardless of when the conviction or verdict was entered.
 - ii. A conviction for, or admission of committing the essential elements of, any of the criminal offenses referenced in 49 CFR § 1572.103(b) in a federal, state, or tribal jurisdiction within the 7 years preceding the application for employment in the Tribe's ETC program.
 - iii. Release from incarceration for any of the criminal offenses referenced in 49 CFR § 1572.103(b) in a federal, state, or tribal jurisdiction within the 5 years preceding the application for employment in the Tribe's ETC program.
 - iv. A want, warrant, or indictment in any jurisdiction for a felony referenced in this Section, until the want or warrant is released or the indictment is dismissed.
- C. Arrests. When a fingerprint-based background check discloses an arrest for a disqualifying criminal offense without indicating a disposition, the Tribe must determine the disposition of the arrest. The individual cannot be utilized in the ETC program until he or she has been determined to qualify under this Section including, in the

case of an indictment, a determination that the indictment has been dismissed.

- 2.8. ETC Program Staff Training. The Tribe will ensure that each individual who is involved in the eligibility decisions for or issuance of the Tribe's ETC, or who has the ability to affect the information that appears on the Tribe's ETC, is trained with respect to ETC program policy and operational procedures, fraud detection, and characteristics of both genuine and fraudulent documents used in the ETC application process. The Tribe will provide updated training to these individuals with respect to these topics on an annual basis.
- 2.9. Security Plan. The Tribe will develop and implement a single written security plan to address the Tribe's facilities, systems, and personnel involved in the enrollment, issuance, and production of ETCs. The Security Plan should be marked as a restricted-access document and maintained in a secure manner, to include restricting access to authorized individuals with a need to know and preventing unauthorized access or disclosure. The Security Plan must address, at a minimum:
 - A. Physical security and access controls for the buildings used to manufacture or issue ETCs and the storage areas for card stock and other materials used in ETC production.
 - B. Reasonable administrative, technical, and physical safeguards to protect the security, confidentiality, and integrity of the Tribe's ETC information systems.
 - C. Reasonable administrative, technical, and physical safeguards (including development of a privacy policy) to protect the security, confidentiality, and integrity of personally identifiable information maintained in the Tribe's ETC records and information systems.
 - D. Physical security features for the face of the ETC.
 - E. Training requirements for individuals who are involved in eligibility decisions for, issuance of, or production of the Tribe's ETC, or who have the ability to affect the information that appears on the ETC, or who have access to ETC production or storage facilities.
 - F. An incident response plan, including procedures for notifying CBP in the event of a breach of the security plan.
 - G. Internal audit controls.
 - Procedures for revoking and invalidating previously issued ETCs in appropriate circumstances.

- 2.10. Changes to ETC Procedures. The Tribe will provide CBP with at least 60 days written notice prior to implementing a material change to any ETC process or eligibility criteria referenced in this MOA, including a change to criteria related to determining tribal membership that would affect ETC program enrollment. If CBP determines that the changes affect the security or integrity of the ETC program, CBP will provide written notice to the Tribe of the reasons for that determination within 5 days. Upon receiving this notice, the Tribe will immediately suspend production of new ETCs. Once the Tribe addresses the identified deficiencies in the criteria or processes to CBP's satisfaction, CBP will notify the Tribe that CBP is satisfied with the corrective action, and production of new ETCs may resume.
- 2.11.Third-Party Contractors. The Tribe may utilize a third-party contractor in connection with the ETC production process. If the Tribe utilizes a thirdparty vendor for this purpose, the Tribe must ensure that the vendor complies with all production, staff eligibility, security, and confidentiality requirements of this MOA.

3. ETC Designation and Acceptance.

- 3.1. CBP Initial Determination. The Tribe will provide CBP with the information necessary for a determination whether the Tribe's ETC will be issued in a manner that it is appropriate for designation by the Commissioner of CBP as an acceptable alternative document for purposes of entering the United States by land or sea from contiguous territory or adjacent islands within the Western Hemisphere, in accordance with the WHTI Land and Sea Final Rule and 8 C.F.R. § 235.1(a)(7) and (e). The Tribe will also provide CBP with the opportunity to test the ETC pursuant to Section 2.1 of this MOA.
- 3.2. ETC Designation. Once CBP is satisfied that the Tribe's ETC program complies with the requirements of this MOA and all related agreements, and following successful testing of the ETC, CBP will designate through publication of notice in the Federal Register the Tribe's ETC as an acceptable WHTI-compliant document that provides proof of identity and citizenship for purposes of entering the United States by land or sea from contiguous territories or adjacent islands within the Western Hemisphere.
- 3.3. ETC Acceptance. Upon designation of the Tribe's ETC as an acceptable WHTI document, and consistent with the terms of the regulations implementing WHTI, CBP will accept valid and lawfully obtained Tribe ETCs for border crossing purposes, including establishing the bearer's identity and citizenship for purposes of entering the United States at a land or sea port of entry when arriving from contiguous territories or adjacent islands within the Western Hemisphere. Border crossing purposes includes the entire process whereby CBP determines the

admissibility of travelers applying for admission or otherwise seeking entry to the United States and enforces the laws of the United States administered by CBP at the border with regard to such travelers. Notwithstanding presentation of an ETC, the bearer shall continue to be subject to examination or inspection under the immigration and other laws of the United States as applicable upon entering the United States.

3.4. Result of Noncompliance with MOA. CBP's continued acceptance of the Tribe's ETCs for border crossing purposes is conditioned on the Tribe's compliance with this MOA and all related agreements. If CBP becomes aware of any ETC issued in noncompliance with this MOA or related agreements, CBP reserves the right at its sole discretion to immediately cease accepting the Tribe's ETCs for border crossing purposes until such time as the Tribe resolves the noncompliance to CBP's satisfaction. CBP will notify the Tribe in a timely manner if CBP ceases accepting the Tribe's ETCs under this provision.

4. Audits.

- 4.1. CBP's Right to Audit. CBP may at any time, upon the provision of three (3) business days advance notice to the Tribal point of contact, audit the Tribe's ETC program to ensure compliance with the terms of this MOA and all related agreements.
- 4.2. Pre-Designation Audit. CBP will audit the Tribe's ETC program before the initial determination of the ETC's acceptability.

5. Costs and Non-Financial Assistance.

- 5.1. ETC Costs. The Tribe is responsible for all costs and investments necessary to meet all information sharing, card issuance, document security, employee screening and training, technology and other ETC requirements under this MOA.
- 5.2. No Obligation of Federal or Tribal Funds. This MOA does not obligate DHS or other federal funds and is not intended to provide any funding or financial support for the Tribe's ETC project. This MOA does not obligate the Tribe to appropriate or expend any of the Tribe's funds and is not intended to provide any funding or financial support for CBP.
- 5.3. Non-financial Assistance. CBP will provide reasonable technical, logistical, or other non-financial assistance as determined by CBP to be necessary for successful implementation of the ETC program.

6. Points of Contact.

6.1. Each Party will provide specific contact information for their POC by separate written communication, within 24 hours of the signing of this

- MOA, and provide updates to such information as necessary to ensure the information remains current for the duration of this MOA.
- 6.2. CBP POC. Executive Director, Office of Field Operations, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, 1300 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, DC 20229.
- 6.3. Tribe POC. Enrollment Director, Office of Tribal Enrollment, 404 Frontage Road, New Town, ND 58763.

7. Confidentiality.

- 7.1. Applicability. As used in this Section, "Sensitive ETC Program" Information" refers to information, disclosed in confidence by one Party to another Party, that is incidental to building or maintaining the infrastructure necessary to facilitate the issuance of ETCs by the Tribe and their acceptance by CBP. This Section applies only to Sensitive ETC Program information. Personally identifiable information and other information associated with a particular ETC that is provided to DHS/CBP by the Tribe under the MOA is not covered by Part 7 of this MOA and shall instead be handled in accordance with applicable U.S. laws and policies, applicable DHS/CBP system of records notices, as well as the other terms of this the MOA. Any provisions regarding confidentiality contained in any other agreement between the Tribe and DHS or CBP regarding ETCs are similarly limited to the transfer of information incidental to building or maintaining the infrastructure necessary to create or maintain the ETC program. The Tribe further consents to the disclosure by DHS/CBP to the Canada Border Services Agency (CBSA) and to the Mexico Secretary of Governance (SEGOB), National Migration Institute (INM) of ETC information received from the Tribe, including personally identifiable information, for persons seeking to use an ETC for entry into Canada or Mexico, respectively. Therefore, when the holder of a Three Affiliated Tribes Tribal Identification ETC seeks admission into Canada or Mexico at a land border port of entry. DHS/CBP is authorized to transmit such information associated with that individual's ETC to CBSA or INM to facilitate processing of that individual at the Canadian or Mexican border, respectively. Such information may be used by CBSA or INM consistent with applicable Canadian law or Mexican law. respectively.
- 7.2. Exchange of Information. Each Party agrees to maintain in confidence Sensitive ETC Program Information and to use Sensitive ETC Program Information solely to provide services under this MOA. Except as required by law, each Party shall not disclose Sensitive ETC Program Information to any person except authorized personnel, including contractors, who agree to treat such information consistent with the terms of this MOA. Each Party shall take reasonable measures to prevent unauthorized use

- or disclosure of Sensitive ETC Program Information pursuant to the terms of this MOA.
- 7.3. Requests for Further Use or Disclosure. Each Party will, to the extent practicable, give prompt notice to the other Party of any request for, use of, or disclosure of Sensitive ETC Program Information and will assist the other Party in responding to any request, remedying any misuse or any inappropriate disclosure. Sensitive ETC Program Information shall not be disclosed without the written consent of the originating Party, unless required by law.

8. Term and Termination.

- 8.1.Term. This MOA will remain in effect until it is terminated pursuant to this Section.
- 8.2. Termination. Either Party may terminate this MOA without cause upon 30 days advance written notice to the other Party. If this MOA is terminated, CBP will stop accepting the Tribe's ETCs as provided for in this MOA and the Parties will mutually determine how any data provided under this MOA is to be returned, destroyed, used, or stored.
- 9. No Third-Party Rights Created. This MOA does not confer a right or benefit on behalf of any third party or private person, and does not otherwise confer a right on any third party to enforce a term of this MOA, including individual members of the Tribe.
- **10.Sovereign Immunity.** This MOA does not waive the sovereign immunity from suit, if any, possessed by the Parties for any purpose.
- 11. Entire Agreement. This MOA and any related agreements represent the entire agreement between the Parties. No other understanding, oral or otherwise, regarding the subject matter of this MOA will be deemed to exist or to bind any of the parties hereto, subject to the provisions in this MOA regarding modification of the terms of the agreement.
- **12.Modification.** Modifications to the MOA may be made only by mutual consent of the Parties through the points of contact identified above, in the form of a written modification, signed and dated by both Parties.
- **13. Effective Date.** This MOA is effective upon signature by both Parties.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have signed two (2) duplicate originals of this MOA.

U.S. Department of Homeland Security U.S. Customs and Border Protection	Three Affiliated Tribes of the For Berthold Reservation in North Dakota
(Signature)	(Signature)
(Print Name)	(Print Name)
(Title)	(Title)
(Date)	(Date)

APPENDIX A: IDENTITY DOCUMENTS

The following documents may be presented by an ETC applicant to establish identity, pursuant to Section 2.3.A of the MOA.

- 1. A valid, unexpired U.S. Passport.
- A certified state- or Tribe-issued birth certificate.
- A Certificate of Naturalization (Form N-550, N-570) or Certificate of Citizenship (Form N-560, N-561).
- A Department of State Consular Report of Birth Abroad (FS-240, DS-1350, F-545).
- 5. A U.S. military identification card.
- A valid State-issued driver license or identification card (excluding temporary or learner permits).
- 7. A federal, state, or municipal government-issued identification card, including a Social Security card.
- 8. A federal, state, or municipal government-issued document depicting marriage, divorce and/or other name changes.

APPENDIX B: TRIBAL MEMBERSHIP CRITERIA AND PROCESSES

Membership Criteria of the Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation in North Dakota.

Article II – Membership

Section 1. Membership. The membership of the Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation shall consist of:

(a) Persons of at least 1/8th degree blood of the Hidatsa, Mandan, and/or Arikara Tribe(s).

Section 2. Dual Enrollment

- (a) Persons enrolled with another tribe and who have received benefits from such tribe in the form of land or payments shall not be eligible for enrollment with the Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation, provided that inherited interests shall not be considered as being benefits.
- (b) A person eligible for membership with the Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation and another tribe shall relinquish whatever rights he may hold in the other tribe as a condition to his enrollment with the Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation.

Section 3 The Tribal Business Council shall have the power to promulgate ordinances, subject to the review by the Secretary of the Interior, governing future membership, the adoption of new members and the revision of the membership rolls from time to time as determined by such ordinances

APPENDIX C: CITIZENSHIP DOCUMENTS

The following documents may be presented by an ETC applicant to establish U.S. citizenship, pursuant to Section 2.3.C of the MOA.

- 1. A valid, unexpired U.S. passport.
- 2. An original or certified copy of a birth certificate denoting a birthplace in the United States and issued by the Tribe or by a city, county or state.
- 3. A Consular Report of Birth Abroad or Certification of Birth.
- 4. A Naturalization Certificate or Certificate of Citizenship.